

RISE WITH EDUCATION

NAAC REACCREDITED - 'A' GRADE

(Affiliated to University of Mumbai)

Faculty: Science

Program: M.Sc. -

Subject: ZOOLOGY

Academic Year: 2023 – 2024

Revised Syllabus in Zoology under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) Approved by the Board of Studies in Zoology Effective from academic year 2023-24 under the aegis of National Education Policy

Preamble

"Where the mind is without fear and the head is held high....." — A poem written by Nobel Laureate Rabindranath Tagore (Nobel Prize in Literature in 1913), the poem represents Tagore's vision of a new and awakened India (it is quoted in this preamble in the context of National Education Policy – New Education Policy).

The implementation of India's National Education Policy 2020, the first education policy of the 21st century, which aims to address the growing developmental imperatives of our country. Universal high-quality education is fundamental for achieving full human potential, besides developing an equitable and just society, and promoting national development. It is the best way forward for developing and maximizing our country's rich talents and resources which eventually will determine the future of our country. Therefore, in this context, our institution's 'Empowered Autonomous Status' becomes all the more relevant, in terms of our contribution as an educational institution to 'Achieving the full potential of every student'.

Under the aegis of academic autonomy, we have the privilege of 'academic freedom' to revise our curriculum, however, we are also aware of the fact that 'academic freedom' needs to be justified with 'academic excellence'. One of the ways to achieve this, is through fine-tuning the curriculum. As students at the postgraduate level would have a foundation of the basics of the subject, this syllabus also focuses on the need to furnish them with skills and understanding essential to make them self-sufficient and build a future. Thus, in addition to enable students to acquire an in depth knowledge of the Core/Mandatory subject, the current syllabus also attempts to integrate a few courses under Department Specific Elective and Research Methodology, which will help students to be equipped with the necessary skills to enhance their core competencies in understanding synergism of pure and applied sciences. Some of the key features of this revised syllabus are as follows:-

- ✓ Industry Internship / Apprenticeship / On Job Training A course requiring students to participate in a professional activity or work experience, with an entity external to the educational institution. Internships will involve working with local industry, government or private organizations, etc. to provide opportunities for students to actively engage in on-site experiential learning. Moreover, it will also strengthen academia-industry linkage and increase employability of students.
- ✓ Research Methodology A course requiring students to inculcate research aptitude and to develop an open, inquiring mind that is willing to explore new territories and learn new things. It will also encourage the spirit of curiosity of students, who are not just learners but also potential problem solvers and scientific investigators in their own way. It will not only develop and enhance their research skills in order to make them adapt to the research culture, but also nurture critical thinking and develop analytical reasoning amongst students. Moreover, this course will serve as a stepping stone/foundation for execution of a Research Project in their final year.
- ✓ Phylogeny and Systematics, Genetics and Evolution these concepts have been retained, since it gives the essence of classical zoology which will help students to recognize and appreciate that there are common threads that connect all living organisms.
- ✓ Biochemistry & Tools and Techniques in Biology A course that has been restructured to understand the concepts in biochemistry by integrating it with tools and techniques in biology; it also includes principle, working & applications of instruments used in chromatography, spectroscopy, electrophoresis etc; moreover, it has the concept of Globally Harmonized System, Standard Operating Procedure and Calibration, so as to give the students exposure to Good Laboratory Practices and Hazard Communication, which will inculcate a professional and analytical approach towards Lab safety, Instrumentation and Techniques.
- ✓ Department Specific Elective in the form of Biotechnology and Gene manipulation A course that has been redesigned with emphasis on Medical Biotechnology, Applications of Industrial and Agricultural Biotechnology, which will keep the students abreast with cutting edge technological applications in medicine, healthcare, agriculture, industry etc.

This syllabus is a collective and constructive effort of the faculty, experts from research institutions, alumni and the board members whose valuable suggestions and expertise were instrumental in materializing this syllabus. The comments and recommendations of the contributors and reviewers have been carefully considered and implemented wherever feasible. For effective teaching-learning, teachers are advised not to follow the syllabus too rigidly, but to exercise their professional discretion and judgement in implementing it. After all teaching is about creating a conducive environment for learners to sustain enthusiasm about the subject. We sincerely hope that all stakeholders from faculty to learners exploring this course will appreciate the importance of a welldesigned curricular framework in shaping educational outcomes.

In conclusion, we hope this syllabus will encourage and maximize learning among students to develop open, inquiring minds for holistic development, thereby justifying the essence and spirit of National Education Policy.

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M.Sc. Part I-Zoology – Semester I (Syllabus Grid)

		THEORY			
Course name and code	Unit	Topic Headings	Credits		
		SEMESTER I			
		A) Major			
Demon I. Dhales		a) Mandatory Papers			
Paper 1: Phyloge	$eny \alpha$	Systematics of Non-chordates, Developmental Blology and Genetics Nonchordates-I			
	2				
	2	Nonchordates-II and Hemichordates	4		
SIPZOCC511	3	Developmental biology - I			
	4	Genetics			
Paper II: Bioche	emistry	y and Tools & techniques in Biology			
	1	Biomolecules- A structural and functional approach			
SID7000512	2	Metabolic pathways and Integration of Metabolism	4		
SIPZOCC512	3	Principles and Applications of Microscopy	-		
	4	Principles and Applications of Spectroscopy			
Paper III: Biostatistics					
SIPZOCC513	1	Biostatistics- I	2		
	2	Biostatistics- II			
b) Electives					
Paper IV: Biotechnology and Gene Manipulation					
	1	Large scale culture and production from recombinant microorganisms	3		
SIPZOEL511	2	Medical Biotechnology			
	3	Genome Management and Analysis			
		B) Research Methodology			
Paper V: Resear	rch Me	thodology			
	1	Basic concepts in research, research methods and methodology			
SIPZORM511	2	Scientific research writing, research review and research ethics	3		
	3	Research grants, funding agencies and research projects			
PRACTICAL					
SIPZOCCP511	1	Based on Core course-1 (SIPZOCC511)	2		
SIPZOCCP512	2	Based on Core course-2 (SIPZOCC512)	2		
SIPZOELP511	3	Based on DSE (SIPZOEL511)	1		
SIPZORMP511	4	Based on RM (SIPZORM511)	1		
		Total	22		

THEORY					
Course name	Unit	Topic Headings	Credits		
and code		SEMESTED II	[
		A) Major a) Mandatory Papars			
Paper I. Phylog	env &	a) Wandatory 1 apers			
Tuper I. Thylog	1	Protochordates and Chordates-I			
	2	Chordates-II			
SIPZOCC521	3	Developmental Biology- II	4		
	3	Evolution			
	4	Evolution			
Paper II: Bioch	emistr ₁	y and Tools & techniques in Biology Matabolic pathways and Integration of Matabolism			
	1				
SIPZOCC522	2	Enzyme and Enzyme Kinetics	4		
511 2000022	3	Principles and Applications of Chromatography			
	4	Principles and Applications of Electrophoresis			
Paper III: Bioin	Paper III: Bioinformatics				
SIDZOCC522	1	Bioinformatics- I	2		
SIF 2000525	2	Bioinformatics- II	_		
		b) Electives			
Paper IV: Biotechnology and Gene manipulation					
	1	Microbial synthesis of commercial products	3		
SIPZOEL521	2	Enzyme technology in large scale production			
	3	Environmental biotechnology			
		B) On Job training or Field project			
SIPZOOJ521	1	No Theory Paper	-		
PRACTICAL					
SIPZOCCP521	1	Based on Core course-1 (SIPZOCC521)	2		
SIPZOCCP522	2	Based on Core course-2 (SIPZOCC522)	2		
SIPZOELP521	3	Based on DSE (SIPZOEL521)	1		
SIPZOOJP521	4	Based on OJ (SIPZOOJ521)	4		
		Total	22		

M.Sc. Part I – Zoology – Semester II (Syllabus Grid)

SIES College of Arts, Science and Commerce (Autonomous) Sion (West), Mumbai – 400 022

Programme: Master of Science, M.Sc. Part 1 – Zoology

"The world can only be grasped by action, not by contemplation." - Jacob Bronowski

The characteristic graduate attributes comprising of Programme Outcomes, Programme Specific Outcomes and Course Outcomes for a science Post graduate in the subject of Zoology are as follows:

Note the list of abbreviations:

PO: Programme Outcome, PSO: Programme Specific Outcome, CO: Course Outcome Cognitive Levels:- R: Remember, U: Understand, Ap: Apply, An: Analyze, E: Evaluate, C: Create

Serial	Details of Programme Outcomes (POs)	
Number		
PO1	Problem Solving Ability (U, Ap)	
(Skill Level)	• Apply the knowledge of various courses learned under a program to break down	
	complex problems into simple components.	
	• Adopt and assimilate problem-based learning models and apply one's learning to	
	solve real life problem situations.	
PO2	Critical Thinking (U, An, E)	
(Skill Level)	• Develop critical thinking based on a rationale to identify assumptions, verifying	
	the accuracy and validity of assumptions, and making informed decisions.	
	• Inculcate the ability of logical reasoning to question the rationale behind	
	concepts, ideas, and perspectives.	
PO3	Effective Communication Skills (Ap, C)	
(Skill Level)	• Improve written and oral communication skills so as to express thoughts and	
	ideas effectively.	
	• Demonstrate the ability to listen carefully and imbibe soft skills to convey and	
	receive instructions clearly.	
	• Develop presentation skills to present complex information in a clear, lucid and	
	Concise manner.	
(Skill Laval)	Demonstrate shility to access, evaluate and use a variety of relevant information	
(Skiii Levei)	• Demonstrate ability to access, evaluate and use a variety of relevant information resources inclusive of internet and electronic media for the purpose of collating	
	and analyzing data	
	• Understand the scope and limitations of tools or software used in Information and	
	Communication Technology.	
PO5	Leadership Skills and Team Work (U, Ap, An, C)	
(Skill Level)	• Demonstrate leadership skills formulating an inspiring vision, thereby building a	
	team, motivating, and inspiring team members to engage and achieve that vision.	
	• Develop management skills to guide people in takings tasks to their logical	
	conclusion.	
	• Inculcate the ability to facilitate coordinated effort as a group or team in the	
	interests of common cause and recognize the contribution of team members.	
PO6	Self-directed and Lifelong Learning (U, Ap, An)	
(Attitud	• Demonstrate the ability to work independently and take responsibility for ones	
eLevel)	actions.	
	• Acquire the ability to explore and evolve by becoming self-sufficient and self-	
	reliant.	
	• Adapt lifelong learning approaches to broaden one's horizons for personal growth	

	and development		
PO7	Ethical Values and Environmental Concerns (U, Ap, E)		
(AttitudeLevel)	• Embrace moral or ethical values in conducting one's life and implement ethical		
	practices in all aspects of life.		
	• Create awareness and concern for environmental and sustainability issues.		
	• Understand and realize the significance and relevance of co-habitation and		
	coevolution in attaining the needs of sustainable development.		
PO8	Gender Sensitization and Community Service (U, Ap, An)		
(AttitudeLevel)	• Respect gender sensitivity, gender equity and gender justice.		
	• Encourage mutual understanding and express empathetic social concern towards		
	different value systems and different strata of society.		
	• Engage in community service through Institutional Social Responsibility.		

Serial	Details of Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)			
Number				
PSO1	Conceptual Understanding and Emerging Applications (R, U, Ap, An)			
	• Inculcate conceptual and coherent understanding of zoology, and demonstrate a			
	broad understanding of animal diversity, including fundamental and systematic			
	knowledge of the scientific classification, taxonomy and evolutionary			
	relationships of major groups of animals.			
	• Understand the nature and basic concepts of biochemistry, molecular biology,			
	ecology, evolution, developmental biology and genetics			
	• Learn appropriate methodologies with cutting edge tools/techniques in biological			
	sciences to seek solutions to emerging problems faced by mankind.			
PSO2	Analytical reasoning and Scientific Inquiry (U, An, E)			
	• Inculcate a sense of inquiry and capability for asking relevant or appropriate			
	questions, articulating problems or concepts or questions.			
	• Encourage the ability to analyze, interpret and draw conclusions from			
	qualitative/quantitative data and critically evaluate ideas, experiences, theories			
	and concepts by following scientific approach to knowledge development from			
	an open minded and reasoned perspective.			
	• Develop analytical skills involving paying attention to detail and imbibe the			
	ability to construct logical arguments using correct technical language related to			
	the relevant subject.			
	• Analyze and interpret data/information collected or related to experiments or			
	investigations, using appropriate methods involving Biostatistics, Bioinformatics			
	among others and report accurately the findings of the experiment/investigations			
	while relating the conclusions/ findings to relevant theories of zoology.			
PSO3	Laboratory Skills (R, U, E, C)			
	• Understand and apply standard operating procedures as per Good Laboratory			
	Practices so as to develop laboratory skills and qualities required for conducting			
	successful research projects			
	• Develop instrumentation handling skills and laboratory techniques relevant to			
	academia			
	• Demonstrate leadership qualities, command trust and respect, thereby, motivating			
	and inspiring team members to work effectively in diverse teams during			
	excursions or study tours. Realize the relevance of participation in field studies			
	and laboratory practices in the context of teamwork as well as life on the			
	outdoors.			

PSO4	Research Aptitude and Interdisciplinary Approach (Ap, An, E, C)
	• Inculcate and adapt to research aptitude and culture, integrate research-based
	knowledge in an interdisciplinary framework, and realize the relevance of
	choosing research as an alternative career option.
	• Demonstrate the awareness regarding compliance with research ethics, awareness
	about conflicts of interests and Intellectual Property Rights, and avoiding
	unethical behavior such as fabricating, falsifying, or misrepresenting data or to
	committing plagiarism.
	• Inculcate the ability to recognize cause and effect relationships, formulate
	hypothesis, reporting the results of an experiment or investigation, and
	application of research tools for analysis and interpretation of data.
	• Inculcate an interdisciplinary approach, to understand and consolidate
	fundamental concepts through inquiry-based curriculum, develop critical thinking
	and problem-solving ability required to solve different types of biology related
	problems with well-defined solutions, and tackle open-ended problems that may
	cross disciplinary-area boundaries.

Course Outcomes for M.Sc. Part 1

At the root of all (science) education (Core Learning Outcome):

"The imaginative and original mind need not be overawed by the imposing body of present knowledge or by the complex and costly paraphernalia which today surround much of scientific activity. The great shortage in science now is not opportunity, manpower, money, or laboratory space. What is really needed is more of that healthy scepticism which generates the key idea – the liberating concept." -P.H. Abelson

Purity of mind leads to clarity in thought and action for creation of an original archaic work.

As well, to consciously attempt the basic pursuit of understanding human existence.

Semester I – Theory

Course Code: SIPZOCC511

Course Name: Phylogeny & Systematics of Non-chordates, Developmental Biology and Genetics The study of this course will accomplish the following outcomes:

Unit	Course Outcome (CO)	Cognitive Level	Affinity with PO/ PSO
Unit 1:	CO1:		
Nonchordates- I	• Appreciate the diversity of non-chordates living in varied habitats and having varied habits.	R, U, An	<i>PO1, PO2</i> <i>PSO1, PSO2</i>
	 Learn about the importance of systematics, taxonomy, and structural organization of animals. Attempt to gain an insight of the hierarchy of life forms from the simplest to the most complex ones by a study of the levels of organization in animal kingdom. Also, to know the different modifications the animal life has made for its survival, through phylogenetic and taxonomic studies. Understand evolutionary history and relationships of different non-chordates through functional and structural affinities. Critically analyze the organization, complexity and characteristic features of non-chordates and familiarize with the morphology and anatomy of representatives of various animal phyla 		
Unit 2.	CO2:		
Nonchordates-II Hemichordates	 Appreciate the diversity of non-chordates and Hemichordates living in varied habit and habitats. Understand evolutionary history and relationships of different non-chordates and Hemichordates through functional and structural affinities. Critically analyze the organization, complexity and characteristic features of Non-chordates, Hemichordates and familiarize with the morphology and anatomy of representatives of various 	R, U, An	<i>PO1, PO2</i> <i>PSO1,PSO2</i>

	animal phyla.		
Unit 3:	CO3:		
Developmental	• To appreciate how a single cell becomes an	<i>R</i> , <i>U</i> , <i>An</i>	PO1, PO2
Biology - I	organized group, which is then programmed		
	at specific times to become specialized for		PSO1, PSO2
	organism		
	 Understand the basic concepts in 		
	developmental biology.		
	• Learn the detailed account on cell		
	differentiation and totipotency.		
	• Get acquainted to the concept of stem cells,		
	and othical issues related to stom calls		
Unit 4: Genetics	CO4:		
Unit 4. Genetics	• To inculcate the understanding of	R, U, An, Ap	PO1. PO2
	organization of genetic material, structure of		
	chromosomes Chromosome number, shape, and types.		PSO1, PSO2
	• Build a conceptual framework of the science		
	of inheritance – genetics, through discussion		
	on Mendelian inheritance, cytoplasmic		
	inheritance and touching on human genetics.		
	Acknowledge the lasting contribution of Gregor Mendel and his methodology		
	demonstrating his scientific and perseverant		
	traits.		

Course Code: SIPZOCC512 **Course Name:** Biochemistry and Tools & techniques in Biology The study of this course will accomplish the following outcomes:

Unit	Course Outcome (CO)	Cognitive	Affinity with
		Level	PO/PSO
Unit 1:	CO1:		
Biomolecules-	• Understand the basic concepts of	<i>R</i> , <i>U</i>	<i>PO1, PO2</i>
A structural	Biochemistry for advancing in varied fields		
and functional	of biological sciences having social		PSO1, PSO2
approach	relevance.		
	• Understand the Biochemistry by a		
	discussion about Biomolecules (here,		
	focusing on Carbohydrates, Proteins, Lipids,		
	Nucleic acids, and some complex		
	biomolecules), their structure, function,		
	classification, reactions and uses.		
Unit 2:	CO2:		
Metabolic	• Understand the properties of enzymes and	<i>R</i> , <i>U</i>	<i>PO1, PO2</i>
pathways and	importance of catalysis with respect to energy		
Integration of	production.		PSO1, PSO2
Metabolism	• Understand the roles of ATP and reduced co-		
	factors in shuttling energy and electrons		
	within the cells.		
	• Understand the concepts of		
	bioenergetics including determining and		
	evaluating the free energy and redox		
	potential in relation to metabolism.		

Unit 3: Principles and	 Get acquainted to various enzymes incorporated in regulation of metabolic pathways. Understand the functioning of enzymes and cofactors in bioenergetics reactions. Describe the central role of ATP. Understand the switches in metabolic pathways during fasting and fed state. Thoroughly learn about the regulation of carbohydrates and lipid metabolism. Also, the Metabolic importance of amino acids. Understand the roles of hormones in regulating metabolism. Comprehend the knowledge of metabolism in health and disease. 	R II An An	PO1 PO2
Applications of	applications of various microscopy techniques so as to develop a 'focused'		PSO1 PSO2
wheroscopy	approach and get a 'magnified' view of		PSO3
	 Learn about the standard operating 		
	care/maintenance of microscopes- a skill-		
	 To learn about the principles of microtomy which bridges the precess between 		
	specimen collection and microscopic		
	analysis. Also, to get habituated to the standard operating procedure and		
	calibration, use, care/maintenance of microtome- one of the most essential skills		
	in histological studies.		
Unit 4: Principles and	• Get acquainted to the principle working and	DILA.	
Applications of	applications of various spectroscopy	к, U, Ар, Ап	<i>P01, P02</i>
Spectroscopy	techniques which represent a scientific		PSO1, PSO2,
	measurement of matter through its interaction		PSO3
	electromagnetic spectrum.		
	• Learn about the standard operating		
	procedure and calibration, use,		
	care/maintenance of spectrophotometer- a		
	skiii-based approach.		1

Course Code: SIPZOCC513 **Course Name:** Biostatistics

The study of this course will accomplish the following outcomes:

Unit	Course Outcome (CO)	Cognitive	Affinity with
		Level	PO/ PSO

Unit 1: Biostatistics-I	 CO1: It will help students to learn about the basics of statistics and its involvement in various steps like generation of hypothesis, collection of data, and application of statistical analysis. Analyze the different types of data using appropriate statistical software. 	R, U, Ap, An, E	PO1, PO2 PSO1, PSO2, PSO4
Unit 2:	CO2:		
Biostatistics-II	• Explore the basic principles to apply descriptive and inferential methodologies according to the type of study design for	R, U, Ap, An, E	PO1, PO2 PSO1, PSO2,
	 Understand and apply hypothesis tests for a single mean and a single proportion as well as for two means (independent and paired/matched samples), and understand chi-squared test and ANOVA. 		PSO4

Course Code: SIPZOEL511 **Course Name:** Biotechnology and Gene Manipulation The study of this course will accomplish the following outcomes:

Unit	Course Outcome (CO)	Cognitive	Affinity with
		Level	PO/ PSO
Unit 1:	C01:		
Unit 1: Large scale culture and production from recombinant microorganisms	 CO1: Keep abreast with the current trends in this fast-moving field of Biotechnology, that is an intersection of technology and Biology. Gain an in-depth knowledge of the application of recombinant DNA technology in food, microbial technology and for the production of genetically engineered animal cells to obtain commercial products for human use. Learn about different types of fermenters employed to obtain different commercial products of recombinant cell physiology, for process development and industrial production of recombinant proteins 	R, U, Ap, An	PO1, PO2, PO7 PSO1, PSO2
	• Comprehend the knowledge of animal cell cultures and their role as adequate test		
	systems for studying biochemical pathways, virus production, pathological mechanisms,		
	and intra/intercellular responses.		

Unit 2:	CO2:		
Medical	• To emphasize the significance of	R, U, Ap, An,	<i>PO1, PO2</i>
Biotechnology	Biotechnology in the field of medicine for		
	production of therapeutic agents viz.,		PSO1, PSO2
	vaccines and monoclonal antibodies that		
	have revolutionized medical science.		
	 Get acquainted to the modern tools 		
	practiced in medical biotechnology.		
	• Learn about the biological reagents such as		
	engineered monoclonal antibodies and their		
	role in improved laboratory diagnostics.		
	• Gain knowledge about improvements in		
	vaccine technology and improved		
	therapeutics such as humanized monoclonal		
	antibodies, genetically engineered cytokines		
	like interferons, hormones, and growth		
	factors.		
Unit 3:	CO3:		
Genome	• Explore the basic tools of genetic	R, U, Ap, An	PO1, PO2
Management	engineering practiced in genome		
and Analysis	management and analysis.		PSO1, PSO2
	• To get acquainted to various gene transfer		
	techniques employed in genome		
	management- a skill-based approach in		
	biotechnology.		
	 Understand various methods used in 		
	genome analysis. Also, elucidate the		
	mechanism, instrumentation, and		
	commercial applications of the same.		

Course Code: SIPZORM511

Course Name: Research Methodology The study of this course will accomplish the following outcomes:

	Level	PO/PSO
 Unit 1: Basic CO1: Inculcate in students research aptitude and to develop an open, inquiring mind that is willing to explore new territories and learn new things. Encourage the spirit of curiosity of students, in order to develop the potential to be problem solvers and scientific investigators in their own way. Develop and enhance the research skills in order to make students adapt to the research culture. Nurture the critical thinking and develop analytical reasoning amongst students. Equip students with essential concepts and necessary skills for execution of a research project in their final year. Develop skills in qualitative and quantitative data analysis and presentation. 	Level R, U, Ap, An	PO/PSO PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4, PO5, PO7 PSO1, PSO2, PSO3, PSO4

Unit 2: Scientific research writing, research review and research ethics	 develop the link between quantitative research questions and data collection and how research questions are operationalized in educational practice. Develop an ability to distinguish between a purpose statement, a research question or hypothesis, and a research objective. CO2: Identify and discuss the complex issues inherent in selecting a research problem, selecting an appropriate research design, and implementing a research project. Develop a skill of reviewing the literature which facilitates the deeper understanding of chosen topic, identifying experts and current research within that area, and answering key questions about current trends. Get acquainted to ethics in research, ethical standards, policies, issues, improve ethical 	R, U, Ap, An	PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4, PO5, PO7 PSO1, PSO2, PSO3, PSO4
	judgment and decision making.		
Unit 3:	CO3:		
Research grants, funding agencies and research	 Gain knowledge about different funding agencies and how to apply for grants and securing research funding of conducting research. 	R, U, Ap, An	PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4, PO5, PO7 PSO1, PSO2,
projects			PSO3, PSO4

PRACTICAL

"Study nature not books." – An old dictum.

The practical course in Zoology is designed for first hand study of animal life through observation of preserved specimens, *in situ* organ systems, microscopic examination of permanent slides, etc. as well as to perform experiments to strengthen the concept base.

It is an effort to invigorate a thought process that can analyze and reason for the sake of awareness, hence to reach a valid answer.

Semester I – Practical

Course Code: SIPZOCCP511

Course Name: Based on Core course-1 (SIPZOCC511)

Details	Course Outcomes (CO)	Cognitive	Affinity with
		Level	PO/ PSO

SIPZOCCP511	• Identify and describe various specimens,		
	permanent microscope slides with respect to	<i>R. U. An. C</i>	<i>PO1. PO2.</i>
	specific characteristic features in		PO8
	invertebrate animal kingdom.		
	• Understand chromosomes by performing		PSO1, PSO2,
	and observing (under light microscope)		PSO3
	squash preparation of onion root tip.		
	• Understand the different mouthparts of		
	insects and its mode of feeding in several		
	ways using various sources of food.		
	• Temporary preparation of polytene		
	chromosomes from Drosophila or		
	Chironomus larva, to provide an important		
	model system for studying the architectural		
	changes in chromatin morphology		
	associated with the process of transcription		
	initiation and elongation.		
	• Detect the presence of Barr body in the		
	buccal smear and understand its genetic and		
	clinical significance.		
	• Learn in detail about the common fruit fly,		
	Drosophila melanogaster, as a versatile		
	model organism in diverse range of		
	biological studies. Also, to learn about the		
	contrasting traits between the female and		
	male Drosophila melanogaster and its use in		
	genetic studies.		

Course Code: SIPZOCCP512 Course Name: Based on Core course-2 (SIPZOCC512)

Course	Course Outcomes (CO)	Cognitive	Affinity with
		Level	PO/ PSO
SIPZOCCP512	• Detection and identification of	<i>R</i> , <i>U</i> , <i>An</i> ,	<i>PO2, PO5,</i>
	carbohydrates in the given test sample based	Ap, E	<i>PO6</i>
	on changes in color due to chemical		
	reactions, which further have many		PSO1, PSO2,
	commercial applications in the fields of food		PSO3
	science, biochemistry, medicine etc.		
	• Understand the glycogen metabolism, its		
	clinical significance by estimating it in a		
	given tissue sample.		
	• Learn about the breakdown of glycogen		
	which is an energy yielding process by		
	subjecting it to the hydrolysis using acids		
	and enzymes.		
	• Determine the acid value, saponification		
	value and RM number of fat/oil sample		
	which have their commercial applications in		
	evaluating the quality of raw materials and		
	their degradation during storage of fats/oils,		
	checking for the adulteration, determining		
	the purity of fat/oil sample respectively.		
	• Analyze the importance of laboratory safety		
	practices and safety symbols, for awareness		

 regarding conduct as a science student. Explain the principle and working of pH 	
meter, an instrument to measure $pH - a$	
parameter with implications on functioning	
of biological system. Use pH meter for	
plotting titration curve and determining pKa.	
• Explain the principle and working of	
colorimeter – a light sensitive instrument	
used for measuring concentration of	
coloured solutions, in biochemical assays,	
etc.; perform selection of best filter for a	
coloured solution in question.	

Course Code: SIPZOELP511 Course Name: Based on DSE (SIPZOEL511)

Course	Course Outcomes (CO)	Cognitive	Affinity with
		Level	PO/ PSO
SIPZOELP511	 Comprehend the significance of aseptic 	<i>R</i> , <i>U</i> , <i>An</i> ,	<i>PO2, PO5,</i>
	techniques in biotechnological	Ap, E	<i>PO6</i>
	experiments and demonstrating those		
	techniques-an important step to skill		PSO1, PSO2,
	development in biotechnology.		PSO3
	• Understand the significance of culture		
	media in microbiology, develop necessary		
	skills for preparing culture media,		
	demonstrate the techniques to culture		
	bacteria using some commonly practiced		
	techniques in laboratory.		
	• Isolation of genomic DNA from the given		
	strain of bacteria/ tissue and show the		
	purity of the isolate by performing agarose		
	gel electrophoresis, thereby developing		
	skills in electrophoretic techniques.		
	• Estimate the number of bacteria in the		
	given culture by the technique of		
	Nephelometry.		

Course Code: SIPZORMP511 Course Name: Based on RM (SIPZORM511)

Course	Course Outcomes (CO)	Cognitive	Affinity with
		Level	PO/ PSO

SIPZORMP511	• Frame a title for a research paper, choose key words and write an abstract for the provided sample research paper having its title_abstract and key words masked_Also	R, U, An, Ap, E, C	PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4, PO6
	 Inte, abstract and key words masked. Also, compare the accuracy of their framed title, key words an abstract with that of the sample research paper. Develop a skill of making of a research paper and its presentation. Develop a skill of presenting a research work in the form of PowerPoint tool in a specified time duration. Write a review of a research work by following given set of guidelines- one of the necessary skills to have in research methodology. Write a research proposal- a prerequisite to commencement of a research work. 		PSO2, PSO4

Semester II – Theory

Course Code: SIPZOCC521 **Course Name:** Phylogeny & Systematics of Chordates, Developmental Biology and Evolution The study of this course will accomplish the following outcomes:

Unit	Course Outcome (CO)	Cognitiv	Affinity with
		eLevel	PO/ PSO
Unit 1:	CO1:		
Protochordates	 Expand the knowledge of diversity of 	<i>R</i> , <i>U</i> , <i>An</i>	<i>PO1, PO2</i>
and Chordates- II	life forms by an account of more		
	complex life forms.		PSO1, PSO2
	• Connecting the dots of extinct life with		
	the extant one by understanding the		
	evolutionary history and relationships of		
	different Chordates through functional		
	and structural affinities.		
	• Critically analyze the organization,		
	complexity and characteristic features of		
	chordates and familiarize with the		
	morphology and anatomy of representatives		
	of various animal phyla.		
Unit 2:	CO2:		
Chordates- II	• Expand the knowledge of diversity of	R, U, An	<i>PO1, PO2</i>
	life forms by an account of more		
	complex life forms.		PSO1, PSO2
	• Connecting the dots of extinct life with		
	the extant one by understanding the		
	evolutionary history and relationships of		
	different Chordates through functional		
	and structural affinities.		
	• Critically analyze the organization,		
	complexity and characteristic features of		
	chordates and familiarize with the		
	morphology and anatomy of representatives		

	of various animal phyla.		
Unit 3:	CO3:		
Developmental	• Introduction to the morphogenetic,	R, U, An	<i>PO1, PO2</i>
Biology- II	molecular, and cellular, and genetic aspects		
	of the developmental biology of animals.		PSO1, PSO2
	• Become familiar with the major animal		, ,
	model systems used in developmental		
	biology, such as Sea urchin, Tunicates, C.		
	elegans, Drosophila, Amphibians, Fish,		
	Chick, and Mouse.		
	• Students will understand the general		
	developmental mechanisms, including terms		
	and concepts of developmental biology, such		
	as induction, autonomous specification,		
	morphogens, differential adhesion etc.		
	• The biological information that underlies		
	ethical issues such as stem cells and human		
	cloning.		
Unit 4:	CO4:		
Evolution	• To demonstrate understanding of ecological	R, U, An, Ap	<i>PO1, PO2</i>
	and evolutionary processes including the role		
	of genetic variation, heredity.		PSO1, PSO2
	• Students will be able to understand natural		
	selection as well as the implications these		
	processes have for the origins and evolution		
	of modern humans and their biology.		

Course Code: SIPZOCC122

Course Name: Biochemistry and Tools & techniques in Biology The study of this course will accomplish the following outcomes:

Unit	Course Outcome (CO)	Cognitive	Affinity with
		Level	PO/ PSO
Unit 1:	C01:		
Metabolic	• Understand the basic concepts of	R, U, An	<i>PO1, PO2</i>
pathways and	Biochemistry for advancing in		
Integration of	varied fields of biological sciences		PSO1, PSO2
Metabolism	having social relevance.		
	• Understand the Biochemistry by a discussion		
	about Biomolecules (here, focusing on		
	Proteins), their structure, function,		
	classification, reactions.		
Unit 2:	CO2:		
Enzymes and	• Students will understand the dynamics of	R, U, An	<i>PO1, PO2,</i>
Enzyme kinetics	enzyme functioning and their kinetics, their		
	classification, and types. They will also be		PSO1, PSO2
	introduced to the concept of enzyme		
	inhibition and how enzymes can be halted		
	for therapeutic purposes.		
	• Student will understand in quantitative		
	terms, the chemical changes catalyzed by		
	the component enzymes of the route.		

Unit 3:	CO3:		
Principles and	• Students will understand the analytical	R, U, Ap,	<i>PO1, PO2</i>
Applications of	techniques for separating chemical	An	
Chromatography	components in biological samples.		PSO1, PSO2,
	• Students will gain knowledge about the		PSO3
	principles and applications of		
	chromatography.		
	• Student will inculcate the different types of		
	Chromatography media, immobilized		
	ligands, attachment of ligands to the		
	matrix, experimental procedure of affinity		
	chromatography.		
Unit 4:	CO4:		
Principles and	• To help the students inculcate how the	R, U, Ap,	<i>PO1, PO2</i>
Applications of	electrophoresis techniques use for separating	An	
Electrophoresis	macromolecules in biological samples and its		PSO1, PSO2,
	applications.		PSO3
	• Since all solutes are not colored knowledge		
	of visualizing agent will help the students		
	locate the isolated solutes in		
	electrophorogram.		

Course Code: SIPZOCC523

Course Name: Bioinformatics

The study of this course will accomplish the following outcomes:

Unit	Course Outcome (CO)	Cognitive	Affinity with
		Level	PO/ PSO
Unit 1:	C01:		
Bioinformatics- I	 Use and understand bioinformatics tools to analyses proteomics data, involving identification and quantification approaches. Discuss standards in proteomics bioinformatics and recognize its importance. Evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of several experimental and bioinformatics analysis approaches. Use tools to perform functional 	R, U, Ap, An	PO1, PO2, PO4 PSO1, PSO2, PSO4
	annotation of lists of protein.		
Unit 2:	CO2:		
Bioinformatics- II	 Students will understand how to utilize bioinformatics tools and databases for retrieving, analyzing, understanding, and managing biological data. The program aims to understand how genes and proteins determine their functions and establish evolutionary relationships. 	R, U, Ap, An	PO1, PO2, PO4 PSO1, PSO2, PSO4

Course Code: SIPZOEL521

Course Name: Biotechnology and Gene manipulation

The study of this course will accomplish the following outcomes:

Unit	Course Outcome (CO)	Cognitive Level	Affinity with PO/ PSO
Unit 1: Microbial synthesis of commercial products	 CO1: Students will gain in-depth understanding of basic aspects of microbiological science pertaining to industrial applications. The student will be able to assess treatment strategies. 	R, U, Ap, An	PO1, PO2 PSO1, PSO2
Unit 2: Enzyme technology in large scale production	 CO2: Students will learn about the process of fermentation which is frequently used for the cultivation of biomass and in the production of enzymes, pharmaceuticals, energy, food and feedstock, bioactive compounds, biopolymers, etc., in which different microorganisms are involved. 	R, U, Ap, An	PO1, PO2 PSO1, PSO2
Unit 3: Environmental biotechnology	 CO3: The aim of environmental biotechnology is to prevent, arrest and reverse. environmental degradation through the appropriate use of biotechnology in combination with other technologies. The course is an introduction to environmental biotechnology and focuses on the utilization of microbial processes in bioremediation. And elementary relevant microbiological processes, microbial ecology and basic principles in bioremediation and biological waste water treatment. Evaluate the potential for biodegradation of organic pollutants, taking microbial and physical/chemical environments, as well as the chemical structure of the compound itself, with respect to bioleaching. 	R, U, Ap, An	PO1, PO2 PSO1, PSO2

Course Code: SIPZOOJ521

Course Name: On Job training or Field project The study of this course will accomplish the following outcomes:

Unit	Course Outcome (CO)	Cognitive	Affinity with
		Level	PO/ PSO
No Theory Paper	 Give students structured training for exposure to real working environment. Combine experiential learning with theoretical concepts. Increase employability of students. Strengthen the academia-industry linkage. To acquire the learning, skills, knowledge, and attitudes necessary to meet all the requirements of the overall program. Understand the work ethics, human relations, and safety. Develop management skills, in co- ordination with team members to achieve the goal. 	R, U, Ap, An, E	PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4, PO5, PO6, PO7 PSO1, PSO2, PSO3 PSO4

PRACTICAL

"Study nature not books." – An old dictum.

The practical course in Zoology is designed for first hand study of animal life through observation of preserved specimens, *in situ* organ systems, microscopic examination of permanent slides, etc. as well as to perform experiments to strengthen the concept base.

It is an effort to invigorate a thought process that can analyze and reason for the sake of awareness, hence to reach a valid answer.

Semester II – Practical

Course Code: SIPZOCCP521 **Course Name:** Based on Core course-1 (SIPZOCC521)

Course	Course Outcomes (CO)	Cognitive Level	Affinity with PO/ PSO
SIPZOCCP521	 Appreciate the complexity of organisms in a hands-on learning environment. Expand the understanding of diversity of animal life by an account of animals with more complex levels of organization (Protochordates and Vertebrates); an understanding that may aid a healthy man- animal coexistence. Examine a beating heart under light microscope and determine its rate by using crustacean arthropod Daphnia. Also effect of stressors on its heart rate. Demonstration of isolation of limb bud and its chorio-allantoic grafting to explores the ability of the chick chorio-allantoic membrane to support an excised limb bud from a donor embryo. 	R, U, An	PSO2, PSO3

Course Code: SIPZOCCP522

Course Name: Based on Core course-2 (SIPZOCC521)

Course	Course Outcomes (CO)	Cognitive	Affinity with
SIPZOCCP522	 Determination of total cholesterol and HDL cholesterol from serum in order to understand the clinical significance. Detection and identification of amino acids and proteins in the given test sample based on changes in color due to chemical reactions, which further have many commercial applications in the fields of food science, biochemistry, medicine etc. Realize the ease of carrying out chromatography in college laboratory, a separation technique with wide applications. Determine the creatinine in serum and urea in order to deduce the functioning of kidneys. Get acquainted to the significance of SDH in respiration by determining its specific activity based on changes in colour due to chemical reactions. Separation of pigments from leaves or flowers by adsorption column chromatography. Separation and identification of amino acids by two-dimensional paper chromatography. Demonstrate the SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis in order to obtain high resolution separation of complex mixtures of proteins. 	R, U, An, E	PO/ PSO PO1, PO2, PO6 PSO2, PSO3

Course Code: SIPZOELP521 **Course Name:** Based on DSE (SIPZOEL521)

Course	Course Outcomes (CO)	Cognitive Level	Affinity with PO/ PSO
SIPZOELP521	• Immobilize yeast cells in calcium alginate and prepare a bioreactor column to demonstrate invertase activity in the bioreactor column in order to understand the catalytic role of invertase and its commercial significance.	R, U, An, E	<i>PO1, PO2, PO6</i> <i>PSO2, PSO3</i>
	• Plot a growth curve for the microorganisms provided to determine patterns of growth over time and to understand differential effects of media, genetics, and stress on microbial population growth.		
	• Quantitative estimation of DNA and RNA from a suitable tissue by Diphenylamine and Orcinol method respectively which provide an estimate of purity of nucleic acids with respect to contaminants.		
	• Construction of phylogenetic tree- used as a tool to represent hypotheses about the evolutionary relationships among a group of organisms.		

Course Code: SIPZOOJP521

Course Name: Based on On-job training/Field Project (SIPZOOJ521)

Course	Course Outcomes (CO)	Cognitive Level	Affinity with PO/ PSO
SIPZOOJP521	 Students are required to present the work done during the course of internship in order to: Express thoughts and ideas effectively in writing and orally and communicate with others using appropriate media. Confidently share views and express themselves. Use ICT in a variety of learning and work situations. Access, evaluate, and use a variety of relevant information sources, and use appropriate software for analysis of data. 	R, U, An, Ap, E, C	PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4, PO6 PSO1, PSO2, PSO3

Semester I – Theory

A) <u>Major</u> a) <u>Mandatory Papers</u> <u>Paper Code: SIPZOCC511</u>

Core course-1: Phylogeny of Non-chordates, Developmental Biology and Genetics

Learning objectives:

- To attempt to gain an insight of the hierarchy of life forms from the simplest to the most complex ones by a study of the levels of organization in animal kingdom. Also, to know the different modifications the animal life has made for its survival, through phylogenetic and taxonomic studies.
- To study Developmental Biology to appreciate how embryonic cells interact ultimately to form the entire organism.
- To uncover the rules governing the transmission of genetic traits and the relation between genes and chromosomes, through the study of classical genetics and its extension.

Unit 1: Nonchordates

15 Lectures

1.1: Principles of Systematics, importance of taxonomic studies in Biology, use of morphometric studies, osteological studies, use of homologous organs

1.2: Phylogeny, salient features, classification up to classes (wherever applicable) of the following phyla:

- 1.2.1 : Protista (Protozoa)
- 1.2.2 : Porifera
- 1.2.3 : Coelenterata
- 1.2.4 : Ctenophora
- 1.2.5 : Platyhelminthes and Nemathelminths
- 1.2.6: Acanthocephala
- 1.2.7 : Annelida
- 1.2.8 : Sipunculoidea

Unit 2: Nonchordates and Hemichordata

15 Lectures

2.1.: Phylogeny, salient features, classification up to classes (wherever applicable) of the following phyla:

- 2.1.1 : Arthropoda
- 2.1.2 : Onychophora: Peripatus, a connecting link between Annelida and Arthropoda
- 2.1.3 : Mollusca
- 2.1.4 : Bryozoa
- 2.1.5 : Brachiopoda
- 2.1.6 : Echinodermata
- 2.1.7 : Chaetognatha

2.2.: Systematic position and affinities of Hemichordata

Students' activity:

Field visits/Field trips/Excursions/Study tours/field projects to the relevant locations such as Zoological/National parks, Sanctuaries, museums, shores in order to observe organisms in their natural habitat as well as to combine theoretical/experiential learnings with actual observations in the field.

Unit 3: Developmental Biology

3.1: Basic concepts in Developmental Biology

- 3.1.1 : Cell fate and commitment
- 3.1.2 : Mechanism of developmental commitment

15 Lectures

- 3.1.3 : Mosaic and regulative development
- 3.1.4 : Pattern formation and compartments
- 3.1.5 : Morphogenesis and cell adhesion:
 - a) Differential cell affinity
 - b) Cadherins and Catenins
 - c) Sorting out of embryonic tissues and cell recognition
- 3.2: Cell differentiation and Totipotency
- 3.2.1 : Nucleocytoplasmic interaction
- 3.2.2 : Mechanism of gene action during cell differentiation
- 3.2.3 : Factors affecting cellular differentiation
- 3.2.4 : Maintenance of differentiation
- 3.3: Stem cells.
- 3.3.1 : Types of stem cells and their function in development
- 3.3.2 : Stem cells and their role in cancer biology.
- 3.3.3 : Ethical issues related to stem cells.

Unit 4: Genetics

- 4.1: Organization of Genetic material
- 4.1.1 : Structure of chromosomes
- 4.1.2 : Chromosome number, shape, and types
- 4.1.3 : Variations in chromosome structure and chromosome number

4.2: Principles of Mendelian Genetics

- 4.2.1 : Mendel's laws
- 4.2.2 : Incomplete or partial dominance and co-dominance
- 4.2.3 : Epistasis
- 4.2.4 : Multiple alleles
- 4.2.5 : Lethal alleles (recessive and dominant)
- 4.2.6 : Polygenic inheritance
- 4.3: Linkage & crossing over
- 4.3.1 : Chromosomal theory of linkage
- 4.3.2 : Mechanism and types of crossing over
- 4.4: Non-Mendelian Inheritance
- 4.4.1 : Maternal effects; Shell coiling in snails, pigmentation in moths
- 4.4.2 : Cytoplasmic inheritance: Mitochondria, chloroplasts, plasmids, infective particles

a) <u>Mandatory Papers</u> <u>Paper Code: SIPZOCC512</u> Core course-2: Biochemistry and Tools & techniques in Biology

Learning objectives:

- To go into the details of biomolecules which form the chemical basis of life.
- To study in detail the chemical processes that occur in living organisms that maintain life and the modes to regulate them.
- To deal with the tools and techniques in Biology that has helped enhance our understanding of the various aspects of Biology.

Unit 1: Biomolecules - A structural and functional approach

15 Lectures

1.1: Carbohydrates

15 Lectures

- 1.1.1: Classification: Monosaccharides, oligosaccharides and polysaccharides
 - a) Monosaccharides: Structure, classification, D- and L-isomers, anomers and mutarotation, pyranose and furanose forms, reactions of monosaccharides, glycosidic bond and nomenclature.
 - b) Oligosaccharides
 - c) Polysaccharides: Homopolysaccharides and heteropolysaccharides
- 1.2.2: Biological functions of carbohydrates
- 1.2: Lipids
- 1.2.1: Classification: Simple and complex lipids
- 1.2.2: Fatty acids: Even and odd carbon fatty acids, numbering the carbon atoms, saturated and unsaturated fatty acids, cis- and trans-configuration, nomenclature.
- 1.2.3: Acylglycerols: Monoglycerides, diglycerides and triglycerides. Properties of triacylglycerols
- 1.2.4: Complex lipids: Phospholipids, sphingolipids, sterols and waxes
- 1.2.5: Biological functions of lipids

1.3: Proteins

- 1.3.1: Amino acids: Structure, classification
- 1.3.2: Organization of protein structure: Primary structure and peptide bond, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structure;
- 1.3.3: Conjugate proteins: Haemoglobin, cytochromes, myoglobin; bonds involved in protein organization
- 1.3.4: Biological functions of proteins: Biologically important peptides: Glutathione, octa-, nona-, and deca-peptides
- 1.4: Nucleic acids (RNA and DNA)
- 1.4.1: Components: Pentose, nitrogenous bases, nucleosides, tautomeric forms of purines and pyrimidines
- 1.4.2: Structure of DNA: Watson and Crick model; different forms of DNA double helix
- 1.4.3: Structure, types and functions of RNA
- 1.5: Complex biomolecules
- 1.5.1: Glycoproteins: Blood group substances
- 1.5.2. Glycolipids: Ganglioside

1.5.3: Lipoproteins: Classification and functions – Chylomicrons, VLDL, LDL, HDL and free fatty acidalbumin complex

15 Lectures

Unit 2: Metabolic Pathways and Integration of metabolism

2.1: Carbohydrate metabolism

- 2.1.1 : Glycolysis: Reaction sequence, aerobic and anaerobic glycolysis, energetics of glycolysis. Regulation of glycolysis
- 2.1.2 : Gluconeogenesis: Reaction sequence from pyruvate, gluconeogenesis from amino acids and glycerol. Regulation of gluconeogenesis
- 2.1.3 : Glycogen metabolism: Glycogenesis, Glycogenolysis; regulation of the two pathways
- 2.1.4 : Significance of the following pathways: Hexose monophosphate shunt as a multifunctional pathway
- 2.1.5 : Inborn errors of metabolism in carbohydrate metabolism: Glycogen storage disease, G-6-PD deficiency
- 2.2: Lipid Metabolism
- 2.2.1 : Fatty acid metabolism: Oxidation of even-carbon and odd-carbon atom fatty acids, oxidation of unsaturated fatty acids, biosynthesis of fatty acids including desaturation; metabolism of phospholipids, cholesterol and *alcohol
- 2.2.2 Inborn errors of metabolism in lipid metabolism: Metabolic disorders of cerebrosides

Unit 3: Principles and Applications of Microscopy, Microtomy techniques

15 Lectures

15 Lectures

3.1: Microscopy:

3.1.1: Light microscopy, phase contrast microscopy, fluorescence microscopy, polarization microscopy, confocal scanning microscopy; standard operating procedure and calibration, use, care/maintenance of microscopes

3.1.2: Transmission electron microscopy, scanning electron microscopy, Preparation of standard operating procedure and calibration, use, care/maintenance

3.2: Microtomy: Tissue fixation, dehydration, clearing, infiltration, embedding for paraffin method, sectioning, mounting, and staining: differential and specific; standard operating procedure and calibration, use, care/maintenance of microtome

Unit 4: Principles and Applications of Spectroscopy

- 4.1: Ultraviolet and visible absorption spectroscopy; standard operating procedure and calibration, use, care/maintenance of colorimeter/spectrophotometer
- 4.2: Fluorescence spectroscopy
- 4.3: Nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy
- 4.4: Mass spectroscopy
- 4.5: Atomic absorption spectrophotometer

a) <u>Mandatory Papers</u> <u>Paper Code: SIPZOCC113</u> <u>Core course-3: Biostatistics</u>

Learning objectives:

- To get acquainted with various statistical techniques applied in biosciences.
- To get familiarized with several different tools used to analyze statistical data.

Unit 1: Biostatistics- I

- 1.1: Basic concepts of sample statistics -Mean, Median, Mode, and Standard Deviation.
- 1.2: Concept of sample size and power
- 1.3: Concept of randomization and sampling techniques
- 1.4: Concept of significance and confidence limits
- 1.5: Introduction to Various statistical tests parametric and non-parametric
- 1.6: Use of Statistical Packages for Data evaluation
- 1.7: Concept of level of significance, power of test and confidence limits
- 1.8: Application of normal distribution

Unit 2: Biostatistics- II

- 2.1: Statistical approach to biological samples
- 2.2: Introduction to Data collection techniques
- 2.3: Design of experiments, for e.g. Block designs, Latin square
- 2.4: COV and ANOVA (one way ANOVA and two way ANOVA)
- 2.5: Concept of correlation, coefficient of correlation and its calculation by using Pearson's coefficient of correlation
- 2.6: Regression analysis with application to Standard Graph
- 2.7: Student's t test, chi square test, z test and f test

15 Lectures

15 Lectures

b) Electives <u>Paper Code: SIPZOEL111</u> <u>DSE: Biotechnology and Gene manipulation- I</u>

Learning objectives:

- To keep abreast with the current trends in this fast-moving field of Biotechnology, that is an intersection of technology and Biology.
- To gain an in-depth knowledge of the application of recombinant DNA technology in food, microbial technology and for the production of genetically engineered animal cells to obtain commercial products for human use.
- To emphasize the significance of Biotechnology in the field of medicine for production of therapeutic agents viz., vaccines and monoclonal antibodies that have revolutionized medical science.

Unit 1: Large scale culture and production from recombinant microorganisms 15 Lectures

- 1.1: Batch fermentation
- 1.2: Fed batch fermentation
- 1.3 Continuous fermentation
- 1.4: Maximizing the efficiency of fermentation process
- 1.5: Harvesting, disrupting and downstream processing
- 1.6: Basic Design of bioreactors and its types
- 1.7: Mammalian cell lines and their characteristics
- 1.8: Media for the cultivation of mammalian cells
- 1.9: Commercial products produced with mammalian cell culture

Unit 2: Medical Biotechnology

2.1: Subunit vaccines:

- 2.1.1 : Subunit vaccine production against viruses: Herpes simplex, Bovine foot and mouth disease virus
- 2.1.2 : Peptide vaccines: Synthetic drugs (engineered proteins)
- 2.1.3 : Genetic immunization: DNA vaccines, Antisense DNA, Therapeutic ribozymes
- 2.1.4 : Live recombinant vaccines
- 2.1.5 : Attenuated vaccines against Cholera, Salmonella sp.
- 2.1.6 : Vector vaccines: Vaccine directed against viruses Rabies virus G-protein, Hepatitis B surface antigen.
- 2.1.7 : Anti-idiotypic vaccine for cancer treatment.
- 2.1.8 : Recent development in vaccine development w.r.t. Covid19
- 2.2: Monoclonal antibodies (mAbs) and therapeutic applications:
- 2.2.1 : mAbs for prevention of rejection of transplanted organs
- 2.2.2 : Treatment of bacterial blood infection
- 2.2.3 : Human monoclonal antibodies
- 2.2.4 : Hybrid human-mouse monoclonal antibodies
- 2.2.5 : HIV therapeutic agents
- 2.2.6 : Anti-tumour antibodies

Unit 3: Genome Management and Analysis

- 3.1: The basic tools of genetic engineering:
- 3.1.1 : Cloning vectors: General purpose plasmid vectors: pUC19, pBR322, Bacteriophage and cosmid vectors.
- 3.1.2 : Yeast artificial chromosomes (YACs) as vectors

15 Lectures

27

15 Lectures

- 3.2: Gene transfer techniques:
- 3.2.1 : Calcium phosphate co-precipitation, electroporation.
- 3.2.2 : Liposome mediated, crispr- cas9
- 3.2.3 : Gene gun or Biolistic approach, Protoplast fusion, viral mediated gene transfer techniques.
- 3.3: Analysis of Genome:
- 3.3.1 DNA fingerprinting
- 3.3.2 Immunological assays: Western blot, ELISA
- 3.3.3 : Polymerase chain reaction and its Variants (RT-PCR, qPCR)
- 3.3.4 : Chemical synthesis of DNA: Oligonucleotide synthesis by Phosphoramidite method.

<u>B) Research Methodology</u> <u>Paper Code: SIPZORM111</u> <u>RM: Research Methodology</u>

Learning objectives:

- To inculcate in students research aptitude and to develop an open, inquiring mind that is willing to explore new territories and learn new things.
- To encourage the spirit of curiosity of students, in order to develop the potential to be problem solvers and scientific investigators in their own way.
- To develop and enhance their research skills in order to make them adapt to the research culture
- To nurture critical thinking and develop analytical reasoning amongst students
- To equip students with essential concepts and necessary skills for execution of a research project in their final year.

15 Lectures

Unit 1: Basic concepts in research, research methods and methodology

Basic concepts in research - meaning of research, objectives of research, characteristics and purposes of research, significance and relevance of research

Research process or the process of Science – Scientific inquiry, Steps of scientific inquiry or flow diagram for the scientific method, Observation, Developing and Testing Hypothesis, Inductive reasoning, Predictions & Experiments, Deductive reasoning, Presenting & Analyzing the data, Scientific theory, Example / Case study of the Scientific method, Example / Case study of Hypothesis testing.

Types of research – fundamental research, applied research, translational research, etc and comparison of types of research – descriptive versus analytical, fundamental versus applied, qualitative versus quantitative, conceptual versus empirical; research methods versus research methodology.

Research problem – meaning and statement of research problem, formulating research problem, identification and selection of research problem, techniques involved in defining a research problem, types of variables (experimental and control groups etc)

Research design – meaning of research design, nature and importance of research design, concepts related to research design, types of research design, experimental designs for examples – informal experimental design, formal experimental design etc.

Methods of data collection, data presentation and data analysis – types of data (primary and secondary data), data collection methods (primary and secondary), tabulation and presentation of data, Hypothesis testing – overview of parametric test, non-parametric tests (chi-square test, analysis of variance, non-parametric tests), overview of multivariate analysis techniques (correlation analysis, regression analysis).

Unit 2: Scientific research writing, research review and research ethics

Report writing – meaning of report, meaning of research report and report writing, different steps in report writing, characteristic of report, significance of report

Scientific research writing – writing a research article/paper/manuscript, types of research articles, writing an abstract, types of abstracts, selection of key words, citing references/bibliography

(Harvard style, Numeric style, APA style, end note/foot note), overview of science communication organisations/companies or forums, opportunities as professional writers (examples such as Cactus Communications, India BioScience Newsletter etc).

Literature review – Introduction to literature review, steps in writing a literature review, relevance of literature review, primary research article/original research article, secondary research article/review article.

Research review and journals – critique and review of research paper/manuscript, overview of types of research journals and publications (examples of peer-reviewed, open access journals) relevance of impact factor, h-index, citations, overview of ResearchGate (professional network for researchers and scientists)

Model organisms in research and guidelines – Concept of model organisms, recommended laboratory animal models, Purpose bred species, Animal study design/preclinical trials, Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) guidelines, Committee for Control and Supervision of Experiments on Animals (CCSEA) guidelines, Alternative to animal models.

Research ethics – Avoiding plagiarism, Awareness of misconduct or fraud, Acknowledgement / Declaration of conflict of interest; Plagiarism checker software (Examples – Turnitin, Urkund etc); Overview of composition and responsibilities of Institutional Animal Ethics Committee (IAEC), Overview of composition and responsibilities of Institutional Ethics Committee (IEC), Overview of Indian Council of Medical Research guidelines (ICMR) for Biomedical research, Overview of International Conference on Harmonization – Good Clinical Practices (ICH-GCP) guidelines

Unit 3: Research grants, funding agencies and research projects

15 Lectures

Research grants/funds - concept of getting research grants or funds or research projects.

Research projects – writing a research proposal / project; components of research proposal/project; major/minor research projects (University Grants Commission, University of Mumbai etc), components of research grants (for example - consumables, contingency grants, utilization certificate etc)

Funding agencies in India – overview of government and nongovernment funding agencies in India (Examples such as Department of Science & Technology; Department of Biotechnology; Indian Council of Medical Research; Council of Scientific & Industrial Research; Department of Ayurveda, Yoga & Naturopathy, Unani, Siddha & Homeopathy; Indian National Science Association; etc);

Research fellowships in India – concept of research fellowship, research fellows – junior research fellow, senior research fellow, research associate etc; Examples of fellowships – Prime Ministers Research Fellowship, ICMR JRF, CSIR-UGC JRF, DBT-JRF, TATA Innovation Fellowships, DST- INSPIRE, DBT- Ramanujan fellowships etc.

Global funding agencies/Research fellowships worldwide – overview of international funding agencies, how to apply to global funding agencies, examples such as Fulbright Program, United States India Educational Foundation (USIEF), British Council Fellowship, Humbolt Research Fellowship etc.

Semester I Practical- I (SIPZOCCP511) Based on Core Course-1 (SIPZOCC511)

- 1. Study of Animal type:
 - Earthworm: Morphology, Digestive system, nervous system; mounting of setae, spermatheca, ovaries & nephridia
- 2. Study of Systematics and major features of:
 - a) Protozoa: Amoeba, Euglena, Paramoecium, Plasmodium
 - b) Porifera: Leucosolenia, Euplectella, Euspongia
 - c) Coelenterata/ Cnidaria: Sea anemone, Madrepora, Aurelia
 - d) Helminthes: Planaria, Liverfluke, Tapeworm, Ascaris.
 - e) Annelida: Nereis, Earthworm, Leech
 - f) Arthropoda: Crab, Scorpion, Limulus, Centipede, Millipede, Beetle
 - g) Mollusca: Chiton, Dentalium, Patella, Achatina, Mytilus, Octopus,
 - h) Echinodermata: Starfish, Brittle star, Sea urchin, Sea cucumber, Feather star
 - i) Hemichordata: Balanoglossus
 - j) Study of larval forms: Larvae of Helminthes (Miracidium, Redia, Cercaria, Metacercaria); Trochophore larva;
 - Crustacean larvae; Ascidian tadpole, Echinoderm larvae and Tornaria larva
- 3. Temporary preparation of onion/garlic root tip cells to study stages of mitosis and calculate mitotic index
- 4. Study of mouth parts of cockroach and study of salivary glands of cockroach
- 5. Study of polytene chromosomes from salivary gland cells of Drosophila/ Chironomus larva
- 6. Temporary preparation of buccal smear to study sex chromatin in human Culture and maintenance of Fruit fly
- 7. Determination of sex in drosophila (morphological examination)

Semester I Practical- II (SIPZOCCP512) Based on Core Course-2 (SIPZOCC512)

- 1. Qualitative tests for carbohydrates and identification of the nature of carbohydrates in the given sample: Molisch's test, Anthrone test, Iodine test, Barfoed's test, Seliwanoff's test, Fehling's test,
- 2. Benedict's test, Picric acid test, Mucic acid test, and Bial's test
- 3. Determination of reducing sugars by 3,5-dinitrosalicylic acid (colorimetric) method
- 4. Estimation of glycogen in the given tissue (liver/ skeletal muscle/ kidney/ brain)
- 5. Acid and enzyme hydrolysis of glycogen and colorimetric estimation of the products by 3,5-DNSA method
- 6. Determination of acid value of fats/ oils
- 7. Determination of saponification value of fats/ oils
- 8. Reichert-Meissl (RM) number of fats
- 9. Study of Good Laboratory Practices (GLP): Globally Harmonized System (GHS), Application and relevance of GHS (Physical Hazards, GHS Health and Environmental Hazards); GHS for classification and labelling of chemicals, chemical hazards/pictograms, symbols, signal words, hazard statements; GHS Safety Data Sheet (SDS)/Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS);

Chemical spillage/disposal, Fire safety and extinguishers.

- 10. Microtomy: Tissue preservation and fixation, dehydration, infiltration, paraffin embedding and block preparation, sectioning, staining
- 11.Determination of pKa of a weak acid
- 12. Colorimeter: Selection of filter and determination of unknown concentration of solute

Note: There are no practical's based on Paper 3 (Biostatistics- SIPSZOCC513)

Semester I Practical- IV (SIPZOELP511) Based on DSE (SIPZOEL511)

- 1. Demonstration of aseptic technique: Work place for aseptic handling; packing glassware (flasks, test tubes, pipettes, petri dishes) for sterilization; aseptic transfer of liquids (Pipetting from flask to test tube).
- 2. Preparation of LB agar plate, slant, butt and demonstration of streaking technique using bacterial culture to obtain isolated colonies.
- 3. Determination of viable cell count in the given culture of bacteria by dilution and spreading technique.
- 4. Isolation of genomic DNA from the given strain of bacteria/ tissue and show the purity of the isolate by performing agarose gel electrophoresis.
- 5. To estimate the number of bacteria in the given culture by Nephelometry

Semester I Practical- V (SIPZORMP511) Based on RM (SIPZORM511)

Practical based on Research Methodology

- 1. Student will be provided with a sample research paper, whereby, the title, abstract, key words will be masked, and the student will be required to frame a title for that research paper, choose key words and write an abstract for the sample research paper.
- 2. Then, the student will be given the same sample research paper, however, now it will be unmasked and the student will be asked to compare the accuracy of their title, key words, and abstract with the sample research paper.
- 3. Students will be provided with a sample research paper, and the students will prepare a poster on a chart paper, for poster presentation of that research work. The poster must include the following: introduction, objectives, materials and methods, observation, results, conclusion and discussion, relevance/impact, bibliography.
- 4. Students will be provided with a sample research paper, and the students will prepare a power point presentation, for presentation of that research work. The presentation must include the following: introduction, objectives, materials and methods, observation, results, conclusion and discussion, relevance/impact bibliography.
- 5. Students will be provided with a sample research paper, and the students will write a review for that research paper. The review must include the following: overview of the research paper, advantages or impact of research paper, limitations or shortcomings of the research paper, future plan or extension of the research work.

6. Students will be given a research topic, and the students will write a research proposal, giving outline/scheme for execution of the proposed research work. The outline/scheme of the proposed research work must include: literature review, objectives, purpose and rationale, materials and methodology, results, conclusion and discussion, bibliography.

Semester II – Theory

A) <u>Major</u> a) <u>Mandatory Papers</u> <u>Paper Code:</u> <u>SIPZOCC521</u>

Core course-1: Phylogeny & Systematics of Chordates, Developmental Biology and Evolution

Learning objectives:

- To attempt to gain an insight of the hierarchy of life forms from the simplest to the most complex ones by a study of the levels of organization in animal kingdom. Also, to know the different modifications the animal life has made for its survival, through phylogenetic and taxonomic studies.
- To understand the evolutionary processes that have helped shape life on earth through a study of organic evolution; also, to understand the evolutionary path our ancestors walked to attain to this present-day Homo sapiens species.

Unit 1: Protochordates and Chordates-I

1.1: Phylogeny, salient features, classification up to classes (wherever applicable) of the following phyla

- 1.1.1 : Urochordata and its affinities
- 1.1.2 : Cephalochordata and its affinities
- 1.1.3 : Salient features and phylogeny of Ostracoderms
- 1.1.4 : Affinities of Cyclostomes:
- 1.1.5 : Overview of fish phylogeny
- 1.1.6 : Primitive tetrapods: Labyrinthodonts
- 1.1.7 : Crossopterygians: A blue print
- 1.1.8 : Dipnoi: A group that has failed to evolve as Amphibia
- 1.1.9 : Lissamphibia

Unit 2: Chordates-II

2.1: Phylogeny, salient features, classification up to classes (wherever applicable) of the following phyla:

- 2.1.1 : Sphenodon: a living fossil
- 2.1.2 : Extinct reptiles
- 2.1.3 : Adaptive radiation in Reptilia
- 2.1.4 : Warm blooded reptiles; Archaeopteryx: A connecting link between Reptiles and Aves
- 2.1.5 : Affinities of Aves and classification up to subclass
- 2.1.6 : Birds as glorified reptiles
- 2.1.7 : Egg laying mammals: A connecting link between reptiles and mammals
- 2.1.8 : Classification of mammals up to orders
- 2.1.9 : Walking gait: Plantigrade, Digitigrade and Unguligrade
- Students' activity:

Field visits/Field trips/Excursions/Study tours/field projects to the relevant locations such as Zoological/National parks, Sanctuaries, museums, shores in order to observe organisms in their natural habitat as well as to combine theoretical/experiential learnings with actual observations in the field.

15 Lectures

15 Lectures

Unit 3: Developmental Biology

Lectures

- 3.1: Cell specialization: RBC, secretory cell, retinal rod cell
- 3.2: Organizer and its role in embryonic development
- 3.3: Primary embryonic induction
- 3.4: Metamorphosis, Regeneration and Aging:
- 3.4.1 : Metamorphosis:
- a) Progressive metamorphosis: Amphibian metamorphosis
- b) Metamorphosis in insects Types of insect metamorphosis; eversion and differentiation of imaginal discs; hormonal control of insect metamorphosis.
- c) Retrogressive metamorphosis: Ascidian.
- d) Programmed cell death
- 3.4.2: Regeneration: Regeneration in Hydra; regeneration of salamander limbs
- 3.4.3 Aging: Senescence, life span and causes of aging

Unit 4: Evolution

Lectures

4.1: Concept of evolution and theories of evolution: Lamarckism, Darwinism, De Vries Mutation theory, Neo-Darwinism and other significant theories.

- 4.2: Geological time scale
- 4.3: Human evolution
- 4.4: Population and Evolutionary genetics
- 4.4.1 : Gene pool, speciation
- 4.4.2 : Calculating allelic frequencies
- 4.4.3 The Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium and mating systems (non-random mating, assortative mating, inbreeding, dis-assortative mating)
- 4.4.4 Processes that change allelic frequencies: Mutation, migration, natural selection, directional selection, stabilizing and disruptive selection, heterozygote advantage; balance between selection and mutation; genetic drift random genetic drift

a) <u>Mandatory Papers</u> <u>Paper Code: SIPZOCC522</u>

Core course-2: Biochemistry and Tools & techniques in Biology

Learning objectives:

- To study in detail the chemical processes that occur in living organisms that maintain life and the modes to regulate them.
- To study enzymes, the catalysts found in living organisms.
- To learn about the inadequacies of the metabolic machinery due to defects at the genetic level.

Unit 1: Metabolic pathways and integration of metabolism lectures

lectures

- 1.1: Protein Metabolism
- 1.1.1 : Metabolism of amino acids: Amino acid pool, transamination, oxidative and non-oxidative deamination; metabolism of branched chain amino acids; fate of carbon skeleton of amino acids
- 1.1.2 : Metabolism of ammonia: Urea cycle
- 1.2: Metabolism of Nucleic acids

15

1.2.1: Synthesis of ribonucleotides: A brief idea of de novo pathway and salvation pathway

1.2.2. Conversion of ribonucleotides to deoxyribonucleotides

1.2.3: Degradation of nucleotides

1.3: Integration of Metabolism

- 1.3.1 : Energy demand and supply; integration of major metabolic pathways of energy metabolism
- 1.3.2: Intermediary metabolism; organ specialization and metabolic integration
- 1.3.3 : Metabolism in starvation

Unit 2: Enzymes and Enzyme Kinetics

Lectures

2.1: Enzymes: Nomenclature and classification with numerical code; chemical nature of enzymes

2.2: Mechanism of enzyme action: Fischer's Lock and Key Theory,

Koshland's Induced fit model;

Mechanism of enzyme catalysis

- 2.3: Enzyme kinetics: Michaelis-Menten equation; Lineweaver-Burk plot;
- significance of Vmax and

Km; factors affecting enzyme activity; enzyme activation and inhibition

- 2.4: Regulatory enzymes: Covalently modulated; allosteric regulation;
- Isoenzymes (LDH, CK, ALP,

ADH)

2.5: Non-protein enzymes: Ribozymes

2.6: Advanced enzymes in human healthcare, e.g., fungal lactase,

hemicellulase, trypsin

chymotrypsin mix

Unit 3: Principles and Applications of Chromatography lectures

3.1:Planar chromatography (Paper chromatography and Thin layer chromatography): Preparation of stationary support, solvent, detection and measurement of components, applications; concept of method development and method validation in chromatography
High Performance Thin Layer Chromatography (HPTLC): Instrumentation, selection of operating conditions, analysis of data and application; standard operating procedure and calibration, use, care/maintenance of HPTLC

3.2:Column chromatography:

Packing and operation of column, loading the column, eluting the column, collection of eluents, detection of eluent, applications High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC): Instrumentation, selection of operating conditions, analysis of data and application; standard operating procedure and calibration, use, care/maintenance of HPLC

3.3: Ion exchange chromatography:

Ion exchange resins, selection of ion exchanger, choice of buffers, preparation and use of ion exchangers, storage of resins

3.4:Gel chromatography:

Theory of gel filtration, physical characteristics of gel chromatography, chemical properties of gel, selection of gel, gel preparation and storage, operation of gel column, applications 15

3.5: Affinity chromatography:

Chromatography media, immobilized ligands, attachment of ligands to the matrix, experimental procedures and applications

3.6:Gas chromatography:

Gas chromatography (GC): Instrumentation, selection of operating conditions, analysis of data and applications; standard operating procedure and calibration, use, care/maintenance of GC

Unit 4: Principles and Applications of Electrophoresis Lectures

15

- 4.1: Electrophoresis:
- 4.2: Theory and principle of electrophoresis
- 4.3: Horizontal agarose gel electrophoresis
- 4.4: Vertical polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis; standard operating procedure
- and calibration, use,
 - care/maintenance of electrophoretic units
- 4.5: Pulse field electrophoresis
- 4.6: Capillary electrophoresis
- 4.7: Isoelectric focusing of proteins
- 4.8:Two-dimensional electrophoresis

a) <u>Mandatory Papers</u> <u>Paper Code: SIPZOCC523</u>

Core course-3: Bioinformatics

Learning objectives:

• To gain insight of the potential of Bioinformatics – a field applying computer knowledge to study genomes.

Unit 1: Bioinformatics- I

lectures

- 1.1: Gene experience, DNA microarray and Proteomics.
- 1.2: Primary databases, Secondary databases.
- 1.3: Gene experience: Introduction, Basic steps for gene expression.

1.4: Microarray: - Concept of microarrays; spotted arrays, oligonucleotide arrays, designing the

experiment, Two-colour microarray experiments.

1.5: Tools for microarray analysis

1.6: Microarray design, microarray experimentation, fabrication computational analysis of

Microarray data, Applications of microarray technology

1.7: Proteomics:-Protein sequence information, composition, and properties,

physicochemical properties based on sequence, sequence comparison

Unit 2: Bioinformatics- II

Lectures

2.1: Protein Microarray and Phylogenetic analysis

2.2: Proteomics classification; Tools and techniques in proteomics;

2.3: 2-D gel electrophoresis, PAGE, isoelectric focusing, affinity chromatography, Mass

15

spectroscopy for protein analysis, MALDI-TOF, Electrospray ionization (EST), Tandem

mass spectroscopy (MS/MS) analysis; tryptic digestion and peptide fingerprinting (PMF)

2.4: Protein Micro array in protein expression, profiling and diagnostics, drug target discovery.

2.5: Phylogenetic analysis:-

2.5.1 : Evolution, elements of phylogeny, methods of phylogenetic analysis

2.5.2 : Phylogenetic tree of life, comparison of genetic sequence of organisms,

phylogenetic analysis

tools-Phylip, ClustalW.

2.6: Applications of Bioinformatics in various fields: Environment, biotechnology, molecular biology,

neurobiology, agriculture, drug designing, biomedical genome medicines, medical microbiology.

b) <u>Electives</u> <u>Paper Code: SIPZOEL521</u>

DSE: Biotechnology and Gene manipulation- II

Learning objectives:

- To familiarize with the basic tools of genetic engineering involved in tailoring genetic information to delve into the genomes of organisms; designing cloning vectors and using DNA fragments as research tools.
- To procure knowledge of the biotechnological aspects dealing with degradation of xenobiotics that is foreign to our environment, and the effective utilization of biomass.
- To deal with the tools and techniques in Biology that has helped enhance our understanding of the various aspects of Biology.

Unit 1: Microbial synthesis of commercial products

Lectures

1.1: Organic acids and their commercial applications: Citric acid, gluconic acid, lactic acid1.2: Antibiotics: Cloning antibiotic biosynthetic gene by complementation and other methods;

15

15

synthesis of novel antibiotics and improving antibiotic production; Aminoglycosides and their

uses.

- 1.3: Polysaccharides:
- 1.3.1 : Bacterial polysaccharides: General properties and their commercial applications Dextran, xanthan, alginate; genetic engineering for large scale production of xanthan gum and its modification
- 1.3.2 : Marine polysaccharides: General properties and their commercial application Agar and agarose, Chitosan

1.4: Polyesters: Polyhydroxyalkanoates (PHA) - Biosynthesis of PHA;

Biopol, a commercial

biodegradable plastic

<u>Unit 2: Enzyme technology in large scale production</u> Lectures

- 2.1: Biotransformations
- 2.1.1 : Biocatalyst immobilization:

Methods of immobilization – Cross linking, supported immobilization, adsorption and ionic binding, covalent coupling, lattice entrapment

- 2.1.2 : Immobilized enzyme reactors: Batch reactors, Continuous reactors.
- 2.1.3 : Enzymes in diagnostic assays Test strip systems; Biosensors: Principle, Working and types.

Unit 3: Environmental Biotechnology

Lectures

3.1: Biomass utilization:

- 3.1.1 :Production of single cell proteins by using biomass as raw material
- 3.1.2 :Commercial production of fructose and alcohol from biomass

3.2: Bioremediation of xenobiotic compounds:

- 3.2.1 : Characteristics of xenobiotics in the environment
- 3.2.2 :Genetic engineering of biodegradative pathways: Manipulation by transfer of plasmid.
- 3.3: Bioleaching of metals
- 3.3.1 :Biochemical mechanism of bioleaching.
- 3.3.2 :Types of bioleaching
- 3.3.3 :Methods for bioleaching: Tank and heap bioleaching
- 3.3.4 :Microorganisms used for bioleaching

Students Activity:

Visit to the industries/institutes involved in Biotechnology research:

To gain knowledge about potential areas in research, research trends, methodology, instrumentation, facilities in order to inculcate a research-based and Entrepreneurial approach.

Semester II

<u>Practical – I</u> (SIPZOCCP521) <u>Based on Core course-1 (SIPZOCC521)</u>

- 1. Study of Animal type:
 - Fish (*Sciaena* Dhoma or *Shark* Mori): Morphology, Digestive system, Heart & Aortic arches, Urino-genital system, mountings of gills, scales.
- 2. Study of Systematics and major features of:
- a) Cephalochordata: Amphioxus
- b) Urochordata: Ascidian
- c) Agnatha: Petromyzon, Myxine
- d) Pisces: Shark, Sting ray, Mackerel, Hippocampus, Eel.
- e) Amphibia: Caecilian, Salamander, Frog, Toad, Amphiuma
- f) Reptilia: Turtle, Tortoise, Chameleon, Phrynosoma, Hydrophis, Crocodile, Gharial.
- g) Aves: Kingfisher, Kite, Vulture, Duck
- h) Mammals: Duck-billed platypus, Kangaroo, Shrew, Bat, Loris, Dolphin, Sea Cow (Dugong).
- 3. Determination of effect of stressors on heart rate of Daphnia.
- 4. Demonstration of isolation of limb bud and its Chorio-allantoic grafting.

Practical – II (SIPZOCCP522) Based on Core course-2 (SIPZOCC522)

- 1. Determination of total cholesterol and HDL cholesterol from serum
- 2. Qualitative tests for amino acids and proteins: Ninhydrin test, Xanthoproteic test, Millon's test, Biuret test
- 3. Colorimetric estimation of proteins by Peterson-Lowry method
- 4. Quantitative estimation of amino acids using Ninhydrin reagent
- 6. Detection of conformation of BSA by viscosity measurement and effect of varying concentration of urea on viscosity of BSA
- 7. Determination of creatinine in serum and urea
- 8. Determination of SDH specific activity
- 9. Identification of lipids in a given sample by TLC
- 10. Separation of pigments from leaves or flowers by adsorption column chromatography 3.
- 11. Separation of amino acids by ion exchange chromatography using cation exchanger
- 12. Separation and identification of amino acids by two-dimensional paper chromatography
- 13. SDS-polyacrylamide slab gel electrophoresis of plasma proteins

<u>Practical – IV</u>

(SIPZOELP521)

Based on DSE

(SIPZOEL521)

1. Immobilize yeast cells in calcium alginate and prepare a bioreactor column to demonstrate

invertase activity in the bioreactor column

2. To plot a growth curve for the microorganisms provided

3. Demonstrate the effect of media on growth curves of given microorganism, using two different

media (minimal and enriched)

- 4. Quantitative estimation of DNA from a suitable tissue by Diphenylamine method
- 5. Quantitative estimation of RNA from a suitable tissue by Orcinol method
- 6. Molecular phylogeny: Construction of phylogenetic trees (using amino acid and nucleotide

<u>Based on On-job training/Field</u> <u>Project (SIPZOOJ521) Practical</u> <u>based on Internship Report / On Job</u> Training

Learning objectives:

- To understand the inner workings of industries or research institutes in the field of animal sciences.
- To gain experience of hands-on work in a structured organization.

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Additional Reading:

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- The laws of medicine field notes from an uncertain science Siddhartha Mukherjee
- The Emperor of Maladies Biography of Cancer Siddhartha Mukherjee
- The Gene an intimate history Siddhartha Mukherjee

SIPZORM511:

- Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques; C.R. Kothari; Wiley Eastern Ltd. Mumbai
- Priti Majhi, Prafull Khatua, Research methodology concepts, methods, techniques and SPSS texts and cases, Himalaya Publishing House, 2013
- George Thomas, Research Methodology and Scientific Writing, Ane Books Pvt. Ltd, 2019
- Nicholas Walliman, Research Methods the basics, Routledge, 2011
- Kenneth Bordens, Bruce Abbott, Research Design and Methods a process approach, Tata McGraw- Hill,
- Catherine Dawson, Activities for teaching research methods, SAGE publications, 2016
- Research Basics Spikard James,
- Research methods Mcburney, Donald,
- Research methodology in medical and biological sciences Peter Laake, Benestad
- The craft of research Wayne Booth
- Research design: Qualitative, Quantitative and Mixed Methods Approaches John Crewel
- Introducing Research Methodology: A Beginner's Guide to Doing a Research Project Uwe Flick
- Research Methods A Practical Guide for Students and Researchers Willie Tan
- A Manual for Writers of Research Papers, Theses, and Dissertations, Ninth Edition: Chicago Style for Students and Researchers (Chicago Guides to Writing, Editing, and Publishing - Kate L. Turabian
- Writing scientific research articles Margaret Cargill
- Writing a Postgraduate Thesis or Dissertation Hammond, Michael

M.Sc Part I – Zoology Syllabus (Autonomous) Choice Based Credit System (With effect from academic year 2022-23) Semester I and Semester II

Scheme of Examination

The performance of learners will be evaluated in two parts for the Theory component of the Course:

- 1. Internal Assessment with 40% marks
- 2. Semester End Examination (written) with 60% marks

The Practical component of the Course will be evaluated by conducting Semester End Practical Examination of 50 marks.

Internal Assessment Theory (40%):

For Core Course 1 and 2:

It is the assessment of learners on the basis of continuous evaluation as envisaged in the Credit Based System by way of participation of learners in various academic and correlated activities in the given semester of the program.

Seminar Marks: 20

Evaluation will be conducted on the basis of Seminar/ Presentation given by the student on a topic chosen from the syllabus for each paper. The marking scheme shall be:

- Content of Presentation: 05 marks
- Quality of Presentation: 05 marks
- Presentation skills: 05 marks
- Question-Answer discussion: 05 marks

Assignment Marks: 20

Evaluation will be conducted on the basis of Research paper review / Book review / Poster presentation / Abstract writing / Preparation of Standard Operating Procedure or Calibration of Instruments / Role play or Skit on topic relevant to the paper / Report on Industry or Field Visit or Writing an article relevant to the paper etc.

For Core Course 3: (Assignments marks: 20):

Evaluation will be conducted on the basis of Research paper review / Book review / Poster presentation / Abstract writing / Preparation of Standard Operating Procedure or Calibration of Instruments / Role play or Skit on topic relevant to the paper / Report on Industry or Field Visit or Writing an article relevant to the paper etc.

For Department Specific Elective (DSE): (Assignments marks: 25):

Evaluation will be conducted on the basis of Research paper review / Book review / Poster presentation / Abstract writing / Preparation of Standard Operating Procedure or Calibration of Instruments / Role play or Skit on topic relevant to the paper / Report on Industry or Field Visit or Writing an article relevant to the paper etc.

Semester End Assessment Theory (60%):

For Core Course 1 and 2: Marks: 60 Duration: 2.5 hours

Theory question paper pattern:

• There shall be five questions of 12 marks each. On each unit there will be one question and the 5th question will be based on the entire paper.

OR

- There shall be four questions of 15 marks each, each question based on one unit.
- All questions are compulsory with internal choice within the questions.
- Questions may be subdivided and the allocation of marks depends on the weight age of the topic and by taking into account the Blooms Taxonomy for evaluation.

For Core unit 3:

- There shall be two questions of 15 marks each, each question based on one unit.
- All questions are compulsory with internal choice within the questions.
- Questions may be subdivided and the allocation of marks depends on the weight age of the topic and by taking into account the Blooms Taxonomy for evaluation.

Marks: 30 Duration: 1.5 hours

For Department Specific Elective:

Marks: 50 Duration: 2 hours Semester End Assessment Practical:

For Core Units 1 and 2: Marks: 50 Duration: 5 hours

For Core Unit 3: No practical exam

For Department Specific Elective: Marks: 25 Duration: 2 hours
